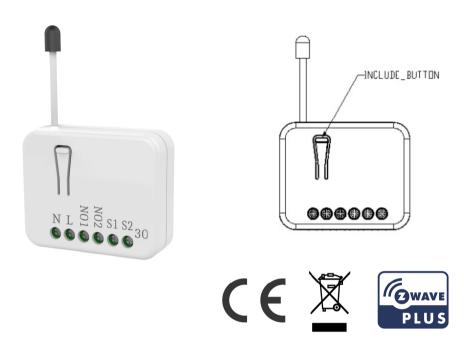
In Wall switch PAN30



Introduction

This in-wall dual relay switch module is a transceiver which is a Z-Wave Plus[™] enabled device and is fully compatible with any Z-Wave[™] enabled network. Mini size design let the module can easily hide itself into the wall box and that will be good for the house decoration.

There are many kind of application by using the module to switch AC power On and Off, one main application is the light control. The new smart relay calibration technology can reduce the inrush current caused by the load and let the module work perfectly with many kind of light like incandescent, fluorescent

and LED light.

This in-wall switch module is able to detect Instant power wattage and overload current (7.5A with resistive load) of connected light or appliances. When detecting overload state, the Module will be disabled and its On/Off button will be lock-out of which LED will flash quickly. However, disconnect and re-connect the Module will reset its overload condition to normal status.

This product can be operated in any Z-Wave network with other Z-Wave certified devices from other manufacturers. All mains operated nodes within the network will act as repeaters regardless of vendor to increase reliability of the network.

Safety Precautions and Installation

- Avoid installing the unit in storming or raining weather.
- Be sure to isolate or switch off power source before installing or maintenance.
- Do ensure that the power supply circuit protected by a 16A circuit breaker or suitable equivalent fuse.

IMPORTANT

- Installation must be performed by skilled technicians who are informed about the standards and technical requirements of the appliance and its proper installation.
- Check your local codes as they apply to your situation. If the house wiring is of aluminum, consult with an electrician about proper wiring methods.

Before proceeding with the installation, TURN OFF THE POWER TO THE LIGHTING CIRCUIT AT THE CIRCUIT BREAKER OR FUSE BOX TO AVOID ELECTRICAL SHOCK.

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Specification

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Operating Voltage	100-240VAC 50Hz-60Hz	
Maximum Load	6.5A x 2 Channel (@230Vac/120Vac) (Resistive load)	
Range	Minimum 40m indoor 100m outdoor line of sight	
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 40°C	
Humidity	Up to 85% max.	
Storage Temperature	-20°C to 60°C	
Location	Indoor use only	
Frequency Range	868.40MHz; 869.85MHz (EU)	
	908.40MHz; 916.00MHz (USA/Canada)	
	920.90 MHz, 921.70 MHz, 923.10 MHz (Taiwan)	
RF Power	+10dBm (Peak), -10dBm (Average)	
ОТА	Support	
FCC ID	RHHPAN30	
Dimensions	47.5 x 39 x16 mm	
Wire	0.75mm² , 18AWG	

^{**} Specifications are subject to change and improvement without notice.

Troubleshooting

Symptom	Cause of Failure	Recommendation	
The Switch not working and	1. The Switch is not connect	Check power connections	
LED off	to the Main power	2. Don't open up the Switch and	
	2. The Switch break down	send it for repair.	
The Switch LED	Check if the load connect into	Set the ON/OFF switch of the	
illuminating, but cannot	the Switch has its own	load attached to ON	

control the ON/OFF	ON/OFF switch	
Switch of the load attached		
The Switch LED	Not carry out association	Carry out association
illuminating, but the	2. Same frequency	2. Wait for a while to re-try
Detector cannot control	interference	
the Switch		
LED keep flashing, but	Overload occurs	Remove the load attached or
cannot control		check max. load cannot exceed
		7.5A(Resistive load)

Installation Steps

- 1. Connect PAN30 to AC N and L.
- 2. Connect Load1 and Load2 to NO1 and NO2.
- 3. Connect external Switch to S1 and S2.

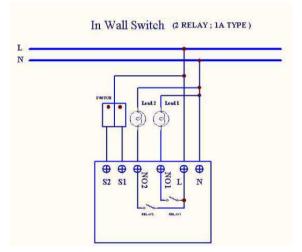


Fig 1. Assembling

For Instruction to http://www.philio-tech.com





DANGER Danger of electrocution!

All works on the device may be performed only by a qualified and licensed electrician. Observe national regulations.

Any works introducing changes into the configuration must be always performed with disconnected voltage.

Choosing a Suitable Location

- 1. Do not locate the Module facing direct sunlight, humid or dusty place.
- 2. The suitable ambient temperature for the Module is 0°C~40°C.
- 3. Do not locate the Module where exists combustible substances or any source of heat, e.g. fires, radiators, boiler etc.
- 4. After putting it into use, the body of Module will become a little bit hot of which phenomenon is normal.

Adding to Z-Wave[™] Network

In the front casing, there is an on/off button with LED indicator below which is used to toggle switch on and off or carry out inclusion, exclusion, reset. When first power is applied, its LED flashes on and off alternately and repeatedly at 2 second intervals. It implies that it has not been assigned a node ID.

The table below lists an operation summary of basic Z-Wave functions. Please refer to the instructions for your Z-Wave[™] Certificated Primary Controller to access the Setup function, and to include/exclude/reset devices

Function	Description	Annotation
No node ID	The Z-Wave Controller does not allocate a	LED 2-second on, 2-
	node ID to the Switch.	second off
Add	Put your Z-Wave controller into	One press one flash LED
(Inclusion)	inclusion mode by following the	** To support handling of
	instructions provided by the	the device when already
	controller manufacturer.	installed the external switch
	2. Pressing INCLUDE_BUTTON three times	can be used for inclusion or
	within 2 seconds will enter inclusion mode.	exclusion for 3 minutes
		after power up.

SmartStart	To initiate the SmartSart process, please	
	type in the first five digits of DSK string or	
	scan the QR code. The QR Code can be	
	found on PAN30 or in the box. Ex:	
	DSK: 18112-24021-58001-62259-	
	57092- 27453-08187-47408	
	2. PAN30 is supported with SmartStart, it	
	can be added to Z-Wave™ network by	
	scanning the Z-Wave™ QR code on the	
	product.	
	3. Without further actions, PAN30 will be	
	automatically included in a certified Z-	
	Wave™ Controller with SmartStart inclusion	
	ability in 10 minutes after it turned on.	
Remove	Put your Z-Wave controller into	One press one flash LED
(Exclusion)	exclusion mode by following the	** To support handling of
	instructions provided by the	the device when already
	controller manufacturer.	installed the external switch
	2. Pressing INCLUDE_BUTTON	can be used for inclusion or
	three times within 2 seconds will	exclusion for 3 minutes
	enter exclusion mode.	after power up.
	3. Node ID has been excluded.	LED 2s On, 2s Off (No
		node ID)

Reset	1.	Pressing INCLUDE_BUTTON	Use this procedure only in
		three times within 2 seconds will	the event that the primary
		enter inclusion mode.	controller is lost or
	2.	Within 1 second, press On/Off	otherwise inoperable.
		button again for 5 seconds.	
	3.	IDs are excluded.	LED 2s On, 2s Off (No
			node ID)

[№] Adding a node ID allocated by Z-Wave Controller means inclusion. Removing a node ID allocated by Z-Wave Controller means exclusion.

№ Sometimes people are not easy to execute exclusion or inclusion especially when PAN30 already installed in a wall box. To solve this issue, PAN30 support a special feature that can use S1 or S2 to execute "exclusion, inclusion, Reset or Association" at the first 3 minutes when first time connect to main power.

LED Indication

There is a LED for identify function in the front case. PAN34 support the indicator ID 0x50 (Identify) and Properties ID 0x03, 0x04 and 0x05.

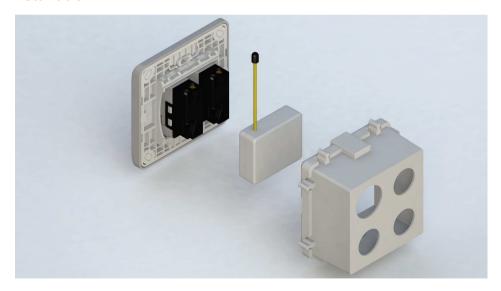
To distinguish what mode the switch is in, view from the LED for identification.

State Type	LED Indication	
Normal	Whatever we switch On and off of the PAN30 by S1 S2 or	
	On/Off button or RF command, the LED will lights up 1 second	

[∿]Failed or success in including/excluding the node ID can be viewed from the Z-Wave Controller.

	and then off.
No node	Under normal operation, when the Switch has not been
ID	allocated a node ID, the LED flashes on and off alternately at
	2-second intervals. By pressing S1 S2 or On/Off button, it will
	stop flashing temporarily.
Learning	When PAN30 is in learning mode, LED flashes on and off al-
	ternately and repeatedly at 0.5 second intervals.
Overload	When overload state occurs, the Switch is disabled of which
	LED flashes on and off alternately at 0.2 second intervals.
	Overload state can be cleared by disconnect and reconnect
	the Switch to the main power

Installation



- 1. Put the in wall switch into a wall box and connect the AC power wire L,N to PAN30 connector L, N.
- 2. Connect the wall switch to the PAN30 as Fig1 .
- To manually turn ON the Switch, press and release the On/Off button. The LED will light ON for 1 second, and the load plugged into the Switch will also turn ON.
- 4. To manually turn OFF the Switch, simply press and release the On/Off button. The LED will light ON for 1 second and the load plugged into the Switch will turn OFF.

Programming

1. Basic Command Class / Binary Switch Command Class

PAN30 respond to BASIC and BINARY SWITCH commands that are part of the Z-Wave system.

1-1 BASIC_GET / BINARY_SWITCH_GET

Since the switch have two relay, the Switch will report its On/Off state of relay1 and relay2.

Report ON when relay1 or relay2 is ON.

Report OFF when both relay1 and relay2 are OFF.

Basic Get Command: [Command Class Basic, Basic Get]

Basic Report Command:

Report OFF: [Command Class Basic, Basic Report, Value = 0(0x00)]

Report ON:[Command Class Basic, Basic Report, Value = 255(0xFF)]

Binary Switch Get Command: [Command Class Switch Binary, Switch Binary Get]

Binary Switch Report Command:

Report OFF: [Command Class Switch Binary, Switch Binary Report,

Value =0(0x00)]

Report ON: [Command Class Switch Binary, Switch Binary Report,

Value = 255(0xFF)]

1-2 BASIC_SET / SWITCH_BINARY_SET

Since PAN30 has two relay, all the loads attached to relay1 and relay2 will turn on or off upon receipt of the following commands from a Z-Wave Controller.

[Command Class Basic, Basic Set, Value = 1~99, 255(0xFF)]: the load attached to relay1 and relay2 turns on.

[Command Class Basic, Basic Set, Value = 0(0x00)]: the load attached to relay1 and relay2 turns off.

[Command Class Switch Binary, Switch Binary Set, Value = 1~99, 255(0xFF)]: the load attached to relay1 and relay2 turns on.

[Command Class Switch Binary, Switch Binary Set, Value = 0(0x00)]: the load attached to relay1 and relay2 turns off.

1. Z-Wave's Groups (Association Command Class Version 2)

The Switch can be set to send reports to the associated Z-Wave devices. It supports groups which every group has five nodes support. Group1 is called Lifeline which support SWITCH BINARY REPORT.

METER_REPORT \ NOTIFICATION_REPORT \ INDICATOR_REPORT and DEVICE_RESET_LOCALLY_NOTIFICATION.

Group2 and Group3 support SWITCH_BINARY_REPORT.

Group4 and Group5 support METER REPORT.

For group 1, the Switch will report (1) ON/OFF status of Relay1 and Relay2 (2) Instant Power Consumption (Watt) of Relay1 and Relay2 (3) Accumulated Power Consumption (KWh) of Relay1 and Relay2 to Z-Wave Controller.

For group 2, the Switch will report ON/OFF status of Relay1.

For group 3, the Switch will report ON/OFF status of Relay2.

For group 4, the Switch will report Instant Power Consumption (Watt) and Accumulated Power Consumption (KWh) of Relay1.

For group 5, the Switch will report Instant Power Consumption (Watt) and Accumulated Power Consumption (KWh) of Relay2.

2-1 Auto report to Grouping 1 ~ 5(Maximum Node 5)

2-1-1 On/Off Event Report

When "on" or "off" state of relay1 or relay2 has been changed, it will send Binary Switch Report to the nodes of Group1 and Group2. When "on" or "off" state of relay2 has been changed, it will send Binary Switch Report to

the nodes of Group1 and Group3. The report value will be on when relay1 or relay2 is on, it will be off when both relay1 and relay2 are off.

Binary Switch Report

ON:[Command Class Switch Binary, Switch Binary Report, Value =255(0xFF)]

OFF:[Command Class Switch Binary, Switch Binary Report, Value =0(0x00)]

2-1-2 Instant Power Consumption vary over 5% report

When the power consumption of load vary over 5%, it will send Meter report to the nodes of Group1 > Group4 and Group5.

Meter Report Command:

[Command Class Meter $\,^{,}$ Meter Report $\,^{,}$ Rate Type = 0x01 $\,^{,}$ Meter Type = 0x01 $\,^{,}$ Precision = 1 $\,^{,}$ Scale = 0x02 $\,^{,}$ Size = 4 $\,^{,}$ Meter Value(W)]

2-1-3 Notification report command

When PAN30 detect the overload, it will send Notification Report to Group1.

The content of Notification Report

Notification report command: [Command_Class_Notification,

Notification_Report, Notification Type = 0x08, Event state = 0x08]

2-2 Response to Meter Get Command

The Switch will report its (1) instant Power Consumption (Watt) or (2) accumulated power consumption(KWH) or (3) AC load Voltage (V) or (4) AC load current (I) (5) load power factor (PF) to Z-Wave Controller after receive the Meter Get Command from Z-Wave Controller.

2-2-1 Instant Power Consumption (Watt) of Switch

When receiving Meter Get Command, it will report Meter Report Command to the node asked.

Meter Get Command: [Command Class Meter, Meter Get, Scale =0x02(W)]

Meter Report Command:

[Command Class Meter $\,^{,}$ Meter Report $\,^{,}$ Rate Type = 0x01 $\,^{,}$ Meter Type = 0x01 $\,^{,}$ Precision = 1 $\,^{,}$ Scale = 0x02 $\,^{,}$ Size = 4 $\,^{,}$ Meter Value(W)]

Example:

Meter Value 1 = 0x00 (W)

Meter Value 2 = 0x00 (W)

Meter Value 3 = 0x03 (W)

Meter Value 4 = 0xEA (W)

Meter(W) = Meter Value 3 *256 + Meter Value 4 = 100.2W

2-2-2 Accumulated Power Consumption (KW/h)

When receiving Meter Get Command, it will report Meter Report Command to the node asked.

Meter Get Command:

[Command Class Meter, Meter Get, Scale = 0x00 KW/h)]

Meter Report Command:

[Command Class Meter, Meter Report, Rate Type = 0x01, Meter Type = 0x01, Precision = 2, Scale = 0x00, Size = 4, Meter Value (KWh)]

Example:

Scale = 0x00 (KWh)

Precision = 2

Size = 4 Bytes (KW/h)

Meter Value 1 = 0x00(KWh)

Meter Value 2 = 0x01(KWh)

Meter Value 3 = 0x38(KWh)

Meter Value 4 = 0xA3(KWh)

Accumulated power consumption (KW/h) = (Meter Value 2*65536) + (Meter Value 3*256) + (Meter Value 4) = 800.35 (KW/h)

2-2-3 Clearing accumulated power consumption

Whenever re-start counting the accumulated power consumption is needed,

you can use Meter Reset Command to clear it.

Meter Reset Command: [Command Class Meter, Meter Reset]

2-2-4 AC load Voltage (V)

When receiving Meter Get Command, it will report Meter Report Command to the node asked.

Meter Get Command: [Command Class Meter, Meter Get, Scale =0x04(V)]

Meter Report Command:

[Command Class Meter, Meter Report, Rate Type = 0x01, Meter Type = 0x01, Precision = 1, Scale = 0x04, Size = 2, Meter Value(V)]

Example:

Scale = 0x04 (V)

Precision = 1

Size = 2 (2 Bytes of V)

Meter Value 1 = 0x09(V)

Meter Value 2 = 0x01(V)

AC load Voltage = (Meter Value 1*256) +(Meter Value 2)= 230.5 (V)

2-2-5 AC load current (I)

When receiving Meter Get Command, it will report Meter Report Command to

the node asked.

Meter Get Command: [Command Class Meter, Meter Get, Scale =0x05(I)]

Meter Report Command:

[Command Class Meter, Meter Report, Rate Type = 0x01, Meter Type = 0x01, Precision = 2, Scale = 0x05, Size = 2, Meter Value(I)]

Example:

Scale = 0x05(I)

Precision = 2

Size = 2 (2 Bytes of I)

Meter Value 1 = 0x01(I)

Meter Value 2 = 0x21(I)

AC load current = (Meter Value 1*256) +(Meter Value 2)= 2.89 (A)

2-2-6 load power factor (PF)

When receiving Meter Get Command, it will report Meter Report Command to the node asked.

Meter Get Command: [Command Class Meter, Meter Get, Scale =0x06(PF)]

Meter Report Command:

[Command Class Meter, Meter Report, Rate Type = 0x01, Meter Type = 0x01, Precision = 2, Scale = 0x06, Size = 1 Bytes, Meter Value(PF)]

Example:

Scale = 0x06 (PF)

Precision = 2

Size = 1 (1 Byte of PF)

Meter Value 1 = 0x63(PF) (It means that the load power factor is 0.99)

2-3 Multi Channel Command Class Version 4

PAN30 also support Muti Channel command class (version 3), which include BINARY_SWITCH_GET, BINARY_SWITCH_SET, BASIC_GET, BASIC_SET, METER_SUPPORTED_GET, METER_RESET, METER_GET You may control endpoint 1 and 2 or get meter report from endpoint 3 and 4 of

PAN30.

2-3-1 BINARY_SWITCH_GET,

You may get the ON/OFF state from endpoint 1 and 2, when endpoint set to 1, PAN30 will reply state of Relay1. If endpoint set to 2, PAN30 will reply state of Relay2.

Below is an example show a source endpoint 1 send a Get command to PAN30 endpoint 2.

COMMAND_CLASS_MULTI_CHANN EL	
MULTI_CHANNEL_CMD_ENCAP	
Source End Point = 0x01	(this is the endpoint of command inquirer here we assume endpoint is 1, if the inquirer doesn't support multi Channel this value will be 0)
(Bit Address +Destination End Point = 0x02)	(Bit Address =0 ; Destination End Point range from 1~2)
Command Class = 0x25	(Command Class Switch Binary = 0x25)
Command =0x02	(Switch Binary Get = 0x02)

Below is the example show PAN30 report to last command

COMMAND_CLASS_MULTI_CHANN EL	
MULTI_CHANNEL_CMD_ENCAP	
Source End Point = 0x02	Since the endpoint is 2 so PAN30 will reply ON(0xFF) when Relay2 is ON, report OFF (0x00) when Relay2 is OFF
(Bit Address +Destination End Point = 0x01)	(Bit Address =0 ; Destination End Point)

Command Class = 0x25	(Command Class Switch Binary = 0x25)
Command =0x03	(Switch Binary Report = 0x03)
Parameter 1 = 0xFF	(ON=0xFF · OFF=0x00)

2-3-2 BINARY_SWITCH_SET

By using BINARY_SWITCH_SET Command of Multi Channel Command Class Encapsulation Command, you can switch Relay1 ON/OFF by setting endpoint to 1, or switch Relay2 ON/OFF by setting endpoint to 2.

The example of the command show that switch off relay1 of PAN30

COMMAND_CLASS_MULTI_CHANNE	
MULTI_CHANNEL_CMD_ENCAP	
Source End Point = 0x01	(this is the endpoint of command inquirer here we assume endpoint is 1, if the inquirer doesn't support multi Channel this value will be 0)
(Bit Address +Destination End Point = 0x01)	(Bit Address =0 ; Destination End Point range1~2)
Command Class = 0x25	(Command Class Switch Binary = 0x25)
Command =0x01	(Switch Binary Set = 0x01)

Parameter 1 = 0x00	(ON=0xFF · OFF=0x00)

2-3-3 METER_SUPPORTED_GET:

This command is to ask the endpoint of PAN30 what kind of meter data can be reported.

The example show how to get the meter report type

COMMAND_CLASS_MULTI_CHANNE	
MULTI_CHANNEL_CMD_ENCAP	
Source End Point = 0x01	(this is the endpoint of command inquirer here we assume endpoint is 1, if the inquirer doesn't support multi Channel this value will be 0)
(Bit Address +Destination End Point = 0x03)	(Bit Address =0 ; Destination End Point range 3~4)
Command Class = 0x32	(Command_Class_Meter_V3 = 0x32)
Command =0x03	(Meter Supported Get = 0x03)

Below is the example show PAN30 report to last command

COMMAND_CLASS_MULTI_CHANNEL	
MULTI_CHANNEL_CMD_ENCAP	
Source End Point = 0x03	
(Bit Address +Destination End Point =	
0x01)	
Command Class = 0x32	(Command_Class_Meter_V3 = 0x32)
Command =0x04	(Meter Supported Report = 0x04)
Parameter 1 = 0x81	(Meter Reset =1, Meter Type=0x01)
Parameter 2 = 0x75	(Scale Supported =
	KWh+W+V+A+Power Factor = 0x75)

2-3-4 METER_RESET

This command is to reset the Accumulated Power Consumption (KWh) to 0

The example show how to reset the KWh

COMMAND_CLASS_MULTI_CHANNEL	
MULTI_CHANNEL_CMD_ENCAP	
Source End Point = 0x01	(this is the endpoint of command inquirer, here we assume endpoint is 1, if the inquirer doesn't support multi Channel this value will be 0)
(Bit Address +Destination End Point = 0x03)	(Bit Address =0 ; Destination End Point range3~4)

Command Class = 0x32	(Command_Class_Meter_V3 = 0x32)
Command =0x05	(Meter Reset = 0x05)

2-3-5 METER_GET:

Using meter get command to get the KWH, W, V, I, PF from endpoint of PAN30 2-3-5-1 Get KWH from endpoint

Meter GET example:

COMMAND_CLASS_MULTI_CHANNEL	
MULTI_CHANNEL_CMD_ENCAP	
Source End Point = 0x01	(this is the endpoint of command inquirer, here we assume endpoint is 1, if the inquirer doesn't support multi Channel this value will be 0)
(Bit Address +Destination End Point = 0x03)	(Bit Address =0 ; Destination End Point range3~4)
Command Class = 0x32	(Command_Class_Meter_V3 = 0x32)
Command =0x01	(Meter Get = 0x01)
Parameter 1 = 0x00	(Scale = KWH = 0x00)

Accumulated power consumption (KWH) Report example:

COMMAND_CLASS_MULTI_CHANNEL	
MULTI_CHANNEL_CMD_ENCAP	
Source End Point = 0x03	(Meter report = Endpoint3)
(Bit Address +Destination End Point =	(Bit Address =0 ; Destination End
0x01)	Point = command inquirer's
	Endpoint value)
Command Class = 0x32	(Command_Class_Meter_V3 = 0x32)
Command =0x02	(Meter Report = 0x02)
Parameter 1 = 0x21	(Scale Bit2 = 0 · Rate Type = 0x01 · Meter Type=0x01)
Parameter 2 = 0x44	(Precision = 2 · Scale Bit1Bit0 = 0 · Size = 4)
Parameter 3 = 0x00	Accumulated Power Consumption =
Parameter 4 = 0x00	0x000005FD = 15.33 KWh
Parameter 5 = 0x05	
Parameter 6 = 0xFD	

2-3-5-2 Get Instant Power Consumption (Watt) from endpoint

METER_GET example:

COMMAND_CLASS_MULTI_CHANN EL	
MULTI_CHANNEL_CMD_ENCAP	
Source End Point = 0x01	(this is the endpoint of command inquirer, here we assume endpoint is 1, if the inquirer doesn't support multi Channel this value will be 0)
(Bit Address +Destination End Point = 0x03)	(Bit Address =0; Destination End Point range 3~4)
Command Class = 0x32	(Command_Class_Meter_V3 = 0x32)
Command =0x01	(Meter Get = 0x01)
Parameter 1 = 0x10	(Scale = W = 0x02)

PAN30 Instant Power Consumption (W) Report example :

COMMAND_CLASS_MULTI_CHANNEL	
MULTI_CHANNEL_CMD_ENCAP	
Source End Point = 0x03	(Meter report = Endpoint3)
(Bit Address +Destination End Point =	(Bit Address =0 ; Destination End
0x01)	Point = command inquirer's
	Endpoint value)

Command Class = 0x32	(Command_Class_Meter_V3 = 0x32)
Command =0x02	(Meter Report = 0x02)
Parameter 1 = 0x21	(Scale Bit2 = 0, Rate Type = 0x01 ,
	Meter Type=0x01)
Parameter 2 = 0x34	(Precision = 1 · Scale Bit1Bit0 = 0x02 · Size = 4)
Parameter 3 = 0x00	Instant Power Consumption =
Parameter 4 = 0x00	0x000003EA
Parameter 5 = 0x03] = 100.2W
Parameter 6 = 0xEA	

2-3-5-3 Get load voltage V from endpoint

Meter GET example:

COMMAND_CLASS_MULTI_CHANNE	
MULTI_CHANNEL_CMD_ENCAP	
Source End Point = 0x01	(this is the endpoint of command inquirer,
	here we assume endpoint is 1 [,] if the
	inquirer doesn't support multi Channel
	this value will be 0)

(Bit Address +Destination End Point = 0x03)	(Bit Address =0 ; Destination End Point range3~4)
Command Class = 0x32	(Command_Class_Meter_V3 = 0x32)
Command =0x01	(Meter Get = 0x01)
Parameter 1 = 0x20	(Scale = V = 0x04)

PAN30 AC load Voltage report example:

COMMAND_CLASS_MULTI_CHANNEL	
MULTI_CHANNEL_CMD_ENCAP	
Source End Point = 0x03	(Meter report = Endpoint3)
(Bit Address +Destination End Point =	(Bit Address =0 ; Destination End Point
0x01)	= command inquirer's Endpoint value)
Command Class = 0x32	(Command_Class_Meter_V3 = 0x32)
Command =0x02	(Meter Report = 0x02)
Parameter 1 = 0xA1	(Scale Bit2 = 1, Rate Type = 0x01,
	Meter Type=0x01)
Parameter 2 = 0x22	(Precision = 1, Scale Bit1Bit0 = 0x00,
	Size = 2)
Parameter 3 = 0x09	Voltage = 0x0910 = 232.0V

Parameter 4 = 0x10	

2-3-5-4 Get load current I from endpoint

Meter GET example:

COMMAND_CLASS_MULTI_CHANNEL	
MULTI_CHANNEL_CMD_ENCAP	
Source End Point = 0x01	(this is the endpoint of command inquirer, here we assume endpoint is 1, if the inquirer doesn't support multi Channel this value will be 0)
(Bit Address +Destination End Point = 0x03)	(Bit Address =0 ; Destination End Point range1~3)
Command Class = 0x32	(Command_Class_Meter_V3 = 0x32)
Command =0x01	(Meter Get = 0x01)
Parameter 1 = 0x28	(Scale = A = 0x05)

PAN30 AC load current (I) example:

Source End Point = 0x03	(Meter report = Endpoint3)
MULTI_CHANNEL_CMD_ENCAP	
COMMAND_CLASS_MULTI_CHANNEL	

(Bit Address+Destination End Point = 0x01)	(Bit Address =0 ; Destination End Point = command inquirer's Endpoint value)
Command Class = 0x32	(Command_Class_Meter_V3 = 0x32)
Command =0x02	(Meter Report = 0x02)
Parameter 1 = 0xA1	(Scale Bit2 = 1, Rate Type = 0x01,
	Meter Type=0x01)
Parameter 2 = 0x4A	(Precision = 2, Scale Bit1Bit0 = 0x01,
	Size = 2)
Parameter 3 = 0x00	Current = 0x002B = 0.43A
Parameter 4 = 0x2B	

2-3-5-5 Get power factor PF from endpoint

Meter GET example:

COMMAND_CLASS_MULTI_CHANNE	
L	
MULTI_CHANNEL_CMD_ENCAP	
Source End Point = 0x01	(this is the endpoint of command inquirer,
	here we assume endpoint is 1 [,] if the
	inquirer doesn't support multi Channel this
	value will be 0)

(Bit Address+Destination End Point = 0x03)	(Bit Address =0 ; Destination End Point range3~4)
Command Class = 0x32	(Command_Class_Meter_V3 = 0x32)
Command =0x01	(Meter Get = 0x01)
Parameter 1 = 0x30	(Scale = PF = 0x06)

PAN30 power factor report example :

COMMAND_CLASS_MULTI_CHANNE	
MULTI_CHANNEL_CMD_ENCAP	
Source End Point = 0x03	(Meter report = Endpoint3)
(Bit Address+Destination End Point = 0x01)	(Bit Address =0 : Destination End Point = command inquirer's Endpoint value)
Command Class = 0x32	(Command_Class_Meter_V3 = 0x32)
Command =0x02	(Meter Report = 0x02)
Parameter 1 = 0xA1	(Scale Bit2 = 1, Rate Type = 0x01,
	Meter Type=0x01)
Parameter 2 = 0x51	(Precision = 2, Scale Bit1Bit0 = 0x10,

	Size = 1)
Parameter 3 = 0x63	Power Factor = 0x63 = 0.99

3. Z-Wave's Configuration

Configurat	Function	Size	Value	Unit	Default	Description
ion		(Byte)				
Parameter						
1	Watt Meter	2	0 -	5s	720	0: Disable W
	Report Period		0x7FFF			auto Report
						1~0x7FFF:
						720*5s=3600s=
						1 hour
2	KWH Meter	2	0 -	10min	6	0: Disable KWH
	Report Period		0x7FFF			auto Report
						1~0x7FFF:
						6*10min= 1 hour
3	Threshold of	2	10-750	0.01A	750	750*0.01A = 7.5A
	current for					7.07
	Load Caution					
4	Threshold of	2	1-10000	1KWh	10000	
	KWH for Load					
	Caution					
5	External	1	1-3		1	1 : Edge mode
						2 : Pulse mode

	switch mode				3 : Edge-Toggle mode
6	Restore switch	1	0-2	1	0 : Switch off
	state mode				1 : Last switch
					state
					2 : Switch on
7	Watt	1	0-4	1	0 : Disable
	differential report mode				1:5%
					2 : 10%
					3 : 15%
					4 : 20%

3-1 Watt Meter Report Period:

If the setting is configured for 1hour (set value =720), the PAN30 will report its instant power consumption every 1 hour to the node of correspond Group. The maximum interval to report its instant power consumption is 45 hours (5s*32767/3600=45hr). If the setting value is 0, the auto report function of meter Watt will be disabled.

3-2 KWH Meter Report Period:

If the setting is configured for 1hour (set value =6), the PAN30 will report its Accumulated Power Consumption (KW/h) every 1 hour to the node of correspond Group. The maximum interval to report its Accumulated Power Consumption (KW/h) is 227.55 days (10min*32767/1440=227.55 days). If the setting value is 0, the auto report function of meter KWh will be disabled.

3-3 Threshold of current for Load Caution

This is a warning when the current of load over the preset threshold value, if the setting value is 750, when the load current of Relay1 or Relay2 over this value, PAN30 will send current meter report to the node of correspond Group, the Range of the setting value is from 10 to 750, and the default value is 750.

3-4 Threshold of KWh for Load Caution

This is a warning when the KWh of load over the preset threshold value, If the setting value is 10000, when the Accumulated Power Consumption of Relay1 or Relay2 over this value, PAN30 will send KWh Meter Report command to the node of correspond Group, minimum value is 1KWh and default value is 10000 kWh.

3-5 External switch mode

Manual switch S1 and S2 can set to Edge mode or Pulse mode or Edge-Toggle mode, default value is Edge mode.

- **3-5-1 Edge mode:** this mode is suitable for the bi stable wall switch that has indicator point on the switch, and the same position correspond to same state of relay1 and relay2. if the PAN30 relay change the state because of receiving Z-Wave RF command, it may need two times of change (switch on to off or switch off to on) to let relay back to the correspond state.
- **3-5-2 Pulse mode:** this mode is suitable for the toggle type wall switch to swap the state of Relay1 or Relay2.
- **3-5-3 Edge-Toggle mode:** this mode is suitable for the normal bi-stable switch, every time when change the state of the wall switch will also swap the state of Relay1 or Relay2.

3-6 Restore switch state mode

Whenever the AC power return from lost, PAN30 will restore the switch state which could be SWITCH OFF \ LAST SWITCH STATE \ SWITCH ON. The default setting is LAST SWITCH STATE.

3-7 Watt differential report mode:

- 3-7-1 Disable: The function of Watt differential report will be disabled.
- 3-7-2 5%: When the differential value of Watt is over 5%, PAN30 will send a meter report to the associated group.
- 3-7-3 10%: When the differential value of Watt is over 10%, PAN30 will send a meter report to the associated group.
- 3-7-4 15%: When the differential value of Watt is over 15%, PAN30 will send a meter report to the associated group.
- 3-7-5 20%: When the differential value of Watt is over 20%, PAN30 will send a meter report to the associated group.

4. Firmware update over the air (OTA)

PAN30 is based on 700 series SoC and supports Firmware Update Command Class, it can receives the updated firmware image sent by controller via the Z-Wave RF media. It is a helpful and convenient way to improve some function if needed.

5. Command Classes

The Switch supports Command Classes including...

Command Class	Version	Required Security Class	
			1

		1
Z-Wave Plus Info	2	None
Security 0	1	None
Security 2	1	None
Supervision	1	None
Transport Service	2	None
Association	2	Highest granted Security Class
Association Group Information	3	Highest granted Security Class
Basic	2	Highest granted Security Class
Binary Switch	2	Highest granted Security Class
Configuration	4	Highest granted Security Class
Device Reset Locally	1	Highest granted Security Class
Firmware Update Meta Data	5	Highest granted Security Class
Indicator	3	Highest granted Security Class
Manufacturer Specific	2	Highest granted Security Class
Meter	5	Highest granted Security Class
Multi Channel Association	3	Highest granted Security Class
Multi Channel Command	4	Highest granted Security Class
Notification	8	Highest granted Security Class
Powerlevel	1	Highest granted Security Class
C		1

Version	3	Highest granted Security Class
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Disposal



This marking indicates that this product should not be disposed with other household wastes throughout the EU. To prevent possible harm to the environment or human health from uncontrolled waste disposal, recycle it responsibly to promote the sustainable reuse of material resources. To return your used device, please use the return and collection systems or contact the retailer where the product was purchased. They can take this product for environmental safe recycling.

Philio Technology Corporation

8F., No.653-2, Zhongzheng Rd., Xinzhuang Dist., New Taipei City 24257, Taiwan (R.O.C)

www.philio-tech.com

FCC Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limit's for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

警語:

「取得審驗證明之低功率射頻器材,非經核准,公司、商號或使用者均不得擅自變 更頻率、加大功率或變更原設計之特性及功能。

低功率射頻器材之使用不得影響飛航安全及干擾合法通信;經發現有干擾現象時, 應立即停用,並改善至無干擾時方得繼續使用。

前述合法通信,指依電信管理法規定作業之無線電通信。低功率射頻器材須忍受 合法通信或工業、科學及醫療用電波輻射性電機設備之干擾。」